

Martyr Hossein Amir-Abdollahian: A True Field Diplomat

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In 1976, it all began with a phone call at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. On one end was MartyrSoleimani, and the discussion revolved around Iraq issues. When the expert from the Iraq desk atthe Ministry of Foreign Affairs answered the call, he realized that the IRGC Quds Forcecommander was on the line. This marked the beginning of a friendship between the diplomat ofthe Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the field commander.

Iran's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Hossein Amir-Abdollahian, tragically passed away in ahelicopter crash along with Martyr President Ayatollah Raisi. The crash occurred in the mountainsof Azarbaijan, where the soil was mixed with the blood of this respected diplomat. Hossein Amir-Abdollahian was born in 1964 in Damghan city. He lost his father when he was 7 years old. He got married at the age of 30. He studied international relations at the University of Tehran and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and earned a doctorate. In his interviews, heemphasized his role as a "diplomat" and often shared interesting stories about General Soleimanior personal meetings with his international counterparts, saying "We diplomats".

He joined the Ministry of Foreign Affairs at the beginning of 1991, working as an expert in the Department of Arab and African Countries of the Ministry. According to his own words, if thisdepartment had not done him any good, he would have had the privilege of becoming a directsupporter of Martyr Sardar Soleimani. Later, when General Soleimani joined the Quds Corps, hehad a close relationship with him. Amir-Abdollahian held such positions such as Deputy Directorof the Arab and African Office of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (2011 to 2016), Director Generalof the Persian Gulfand the Middle East (2010), Iran's Ambassador to Bahrain (2007 to 2010), anddeputy of the special representative of the foreign minister for Iraqi affairs (2013-2014).

He was elected as the Minister of Foreign Affairs in the government of Ayatollah Raisi and tookup the "regional balance" strategy. He believed that Iran should have a good relationship with allof them by balancing the relationship between the countries of the region. Also, he did not hesitateto help the resistance groups and was a companion and friend of groups such as Hezbollah, Hashdal-Shaabi, Yemen's Ansarullah, Hamas, and Palestinian Islamic Jihad groups. The proof of thisclaim was the foreign minister's eight trips to Lebanon and Syria during his ministry. Most of thethinkers of the region and the Arab and African officials had a good relationship with him, andsome of Iran's rivals in the region always looked at him with respect. In short, he was known as the "Diplomat of the Field"!

A book about his professional life has been published called "Sobhe Sham". According to MartyrAmir-Abdollahian's testimony, this book was written at the request of General Martyr Soleimani. In a part of this book, interesting narratives of Sardar Soleimani can be seen stating: "Ourintelligence departments have many documents that confirm that the main purpose of creating ISISand the great crisis that was created for the region is the axis of resistance

Special Issue on Passing of President Seyyed Ebrahim Raisi and his companions

